PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES FOR BUILDING RELATED PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

for preparation of EPDs (Environmental Product Declarations) according to the EPD programme of the BAU EPD GmbH



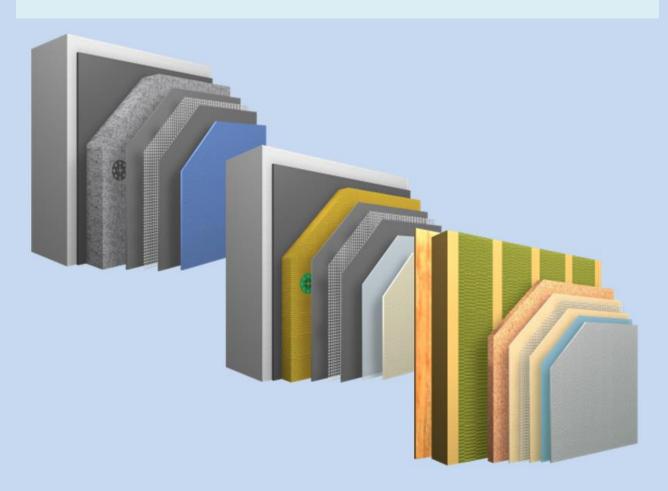
www.bau-epd.at

Part B: Requirements on the EPD for

ETICS - thermal insulation composite systems

PCR-Code: 2.22.2.1

Date 2024-10-10





Imprint

Publisher:

Bau EPD GmbH

Seidengasse 13/3 A-1070 Vienna Austria <u>http://www.bau-epd.at</u> <u>office@bau-epd.at</u>

© Bau EPD GmbH

Picture credits frontpage: STO GmbH

Tracking of versions

| Version | Comments | Date of changes | | |
|---------|---|-----------------|--|--|
| 3.0 | New structure following decisions of TAC from 2017-05-11, adaptations following resolutions from TAC in autumn 2016 and 2017. | 2017-08-17 | | |
| 4.0 | Changes following decisions of TAC since last publication. Changes on occasion of verification of PCR for concrete and concrete elements as well as resulting from working out the PCR for steel reinforcement. Changes to be made in all PCR B parts as well as some editorial chances. Index now included. | 2019-07-06 | | |
| 5.0 | Adaptation as per EN 15804:2019+A2:2019; adaptation of rules for declaration of geographical representativity | 2020-11-05 | | |
| 6.0 | Public version for interested parties after approval of PCR review panel. | 2021-01-12 | | |
| 7.0 | Consideration of comments, approval for EPD creation | 2021-04-07 | | |
| 8.0 | Adaptation tables module B and C, minor editorial changes | 2021-08-27 | | |
| 9.0 | Change ECO Platform logo, note to photographic rights, minor editorial changes (created by SR, checked by FG and approved by SR) | 2021-11-27 | | |
| 10.0 | Addition of accreditation mark, change owner, publisher, holder of declaration, specification of CF factors, editorial changes, title page EPD declaration of Energy Mix Approach, (created by SR, checked by FG and approved by SR) | 2023-01-27 | | |
| 11.0 | Various minor changes: EP Freshwater Corrigendum table: unit P instead of PO4, editorial changes, rules for the application of c-PCR, adaptation of rules for new issue (correct term instead of extension, see MS-HB supplement) in interpretation, graphics now only required in project report, deletion of reference to subchapters of valid CEN standards (created by SR, checked by FG and approved by SR) | 2023-09-20 | | |
| 12.0 | Incorporation of new features in accordance with EN 15941, incorporation of resolution Adaptation to French totals columns in results tables, minor editorial changes (created SR, checked FG and approved SR) | 2024-10-10 | | |



Contents

| 1. | Scope | 5 |
|---------|--|----|
| Require | ments on the layout of the EPD | 5 |
| Content | of the EPD | 5 |
| 1. | General information | 9 |
| 2. | Product | 10 |
| 2.1 | General product description | 10 |
| 2.2 | Application field | 10 |
| 2.3 | Standards, guidelines and regulations relevant for the product | 10 |
| 2.4 | Technical data | 11 |
| 2.5 | Basic/auxiliary materials | 12 |
| 2.6 | Product stage | 13 |
| 2.7 | Packaging | 13 |
| 2.8 | Conditions of delivery | 13 |
| 2.9 | Transport to site | 13 |
| 2.10 | Construction product stage | 13 |
| 2.11 | Use stage | 13 |
| 2.12 | Reference service life (RSL) | 14 |
| 2.13 | End of life stage | 14 |
| 2.14 | Further information | 14 |
| 3. | LCA: Calculation rules | 15 |
| 3.1 | Declared unit/ Functional unit | 15 |
| 3.2 | System boundary | 15 |
| 3.3 | Flow chart of processes/stages in the life cycle | 17 |
| 3.4 | Estimations and assumptions | 17 |
| 3.5 | Cut-off criteria | 17 |
| 3.6 | Allocation | 17 |
| 3.7 | Comparability | 17 |
| 4. | LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information | 17 |
| 4.1 | A1-A3 product stage | 17 |
| 4.2 | A4-A5 Construction process stage | 17 |
| 4.3 | B1-B7 use stage | |
| 4.4 | C1-C4 End-of-Life stage | 20 |
| 4.5 | D Potential of reuse and recycling | 20 |
| 5. | Information on data quality and data selection in accordance with EN 15941 | 21 |
| 5.1 | Principles for the description of data quality | 21 |
| 5.2 | Description of the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness of the product data | 21 |
| 5.3 | Explanation of the averaging process | 21 |
| 5.4 | Assessment of the data quality of the Life Cycle Inventory data | 21 |
| | nage 2 of 24 | |



| 6. | LCA: results | 24 |
|-----------|---|----|
| 7. | LCA: Interpretation | 27 |
| 8. | Description of representativity of average EPD | 27 |
| 9. | Literature | 28 |
| 10. | Directory and Glossary | 28 |
| 10.1 | List of figures | 28 |
| 10.2 | List of tables | 28 |
| 10.3 | Abbreviations | 29 |
| Annex 1 | - Documentation of data collection and calculation procedure | 30 |
| Annex 2 · | – Table of basic/auxiliary material in detail | 30 |
| Annex 3 · | - Description of the data quality of authoritative data according to ILCD data format | 30 |
| Annex 4 | - Inventory Analysis, Input-Output tables, LCA-Model | 32 |



1. Scope

This document contains the **Requirements on an Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)** as per EN 15804 and ISO 14025 and requirements of Bau EPD GmbH for thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS) for thermal insulation and design of buildings consisting of

- insulating material,
- reinforcement,
- base coat and top coat as well
- Glue, dowels or insulation board fasteners

The individual system components adhesive and base coat mortar, insulating material and finishing coat should be based on specifically collected data so that an EPD can be calculated.

Coatings and coverings (primers, facade paints, brick slips, ceramic or glass tiles) and accessories such as edge protection profiles, plaster strips are not part of the declaration.

The requirements on the EPD include:

- Requirements from EN ISO 14025
- Requirements on the EN 15804 standard as a European core EPD
- Requirements from EN 15941 for data quality information for recording the environmental quality of products Selection and application of data
- C-PCR: Requirements from EN 16783 as complementary product PCR for insulating materials
- Complementary requirements on EPD of Bau EPD GmbH

Complementary PCR (c-PCR) from CEN, if available, must always be applied at the same time as the PCR-B from Bau EPD GmbH. The documents complement each other.

The calculation rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the project report are specified in a separate document – "Management System Handbook chapter 5" of Bau EPD GmbH.

Requirements on the layout of the EPD

Bau-EPD GmbH determines the following features with regard to the layout of the EPD:

- The document on hand defines the format template for EPD-document that is to fill in (Word file "Format template EPD Bau EPD GmbH", download at <u>www.bau-epd.at</u>).
- The content of an EPD is not limited in length of text.
- The layout of the front page of the EPD is defined and picture material must be accorded with Bau EPD GmbH (not more than 4 MB).
- On the last page of the EPD the publishing institution as well as the programme operator (Bau EPD GmbH in both cases), the LCA practitioner and owner of the declaration must be indicated with a logo and full address (including telephone number, fax number, email and website).
- Generally the font "Calibri" must be used.
- In addition to the EPD as Microsoft Word format an Excel-document (BAU EPD M-DOCUMENT 8- excel-file for electronic data transfer Editor baubook ECO Platform) must be created including the result tables for electronic transfer and complying to EN 15942 (ITM Matrix). The templates of Bau EPD GmbH must be used, for these tables also serve to forward data to database owners (ECO Platform/ECO Portal, OEKOBAUDAT and BAUBOOK).

Content of the EPD

The following format template respective guidance describes the required structure of the EPD document including the required content for each individual chapter.

In addition to that, this document is giving specific notes for the creation of an EPD of ETICS and specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS that must be considered when creating the EPD and underlying LCA study.

Parts of the content that are considered as additional information of optional character (=not required as per international standard and/or guidelines from ECO Platform) are marked in lilac colour. This information is free to choose whether to declare or not and indications can be delivered by the owner of the declaration on optional basis.

| Legend: | |
|------------|--|
| Blue: | required content for each chapter |
| Turquoise: | specific requirements for EPD of materials from the scope of the PCR |
| Green: | specific LCA rules for EPD of material from the scope of the PCR |
| Violet: | additional information of optional character |
| | |

EPD - ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

As per ISO 14025 and EN 15804



OWNER AND PUBLISHER PROGRAMME OPERATOR HOLDER OF THE DECLARATION DECLARATION NUMBER ISSUE DATE VALID TO NUMBER OF DATASETS ENERGY MIX APPROACH



Bau EPD GmbH, A-1070 Wien, Seidengasse 13/3, www.bau-epd.at Bau EPD GmbH, A-1070 Wien, Seidengasse 13/3, www.bau-epd.at Name of declaration holder To be accorded with Bau EPD GmbH Date Date Number MARKET BASED APPROACH

Name and description of product Name of declaration holder

picture

To be accorded with declaration holder and Bau EPD GmbH (Note: photographic rights must be clarified and cited)

Company logo of declaration holder



Contents:

| 1. | Scope | 5 |
|---------|--|----|
| Require | ments on the layout of the EPD | 5 |
| Content | of the EPD | 5 |
| 1. | General information | 9 |
| 2. | Product | |
| 2.1 | General product description | |
| 2.2 | Application field | |
| 2.3 | Standards, guidelines and regulations relevant for the product | |
| 2.4 | Technical data | |
| 2.5 | Basic/auxiliary materials | |
| 2.6 | Product stage | |
| 2.7 | Packaging | |
| 2.8 | Conditions of delivery | |
| 2.9 | Transport to site | |
| 2.10 | Construction product stage | |
| 2.11 | Use stage | |
| 2.12 | Reference service life (RSL) | |
| 2.13 | End of life stage | |
| 2.14 | Further information | 14 |
| 3. | LCA: Calculation rules | 15 |
| 3.1 | Declared unit/ Functional unit | 15 |
| 3.2 | System boundary | 15 |
| 3.3 | Flow chart of processes/stages in the life cycle | |
| 3.4 | Estimations and assumptions | |
| 3.5 | Cut-off criteria | |
| 3.6 | Allocation | |
| 3.7 | Comparability | |
| 4. | LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information | |
| 4.1 | A1-A3 product stage | |
| 4.2 | A4-A5 Construction process stage | |
| 4.3 | B1-B7 use stage | |
| 4.4 | C1-C4 End-of-Life stage | 20 |
| 4.5 | D Potential of reuse and recycling | 20 |
| 5. | Information on data quality and data selection in accordance with EN 15941 | 21 |
| 5.1 | Principles for the description of data quality | 21 |
| 5.2 | Description of the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness of the product data | 21 |
| 5.3 | Explanation of the averaging process | 21 |
| 5.4 | Assessment of the data quality of the Life Cycle Inventory data | 21 |
| 6. | LCA: results | 24 |
| 7. | LCA: Interpretation | |
| | | |



PCR part B – ETICS thermal insulation composite systems EN 15804+A2

| 8. | Description of representativity of average EPD | .27 |
|-----------|---|-----|
| 9. | Literature | .28 |
| 10. | Directory and Glossary | .28 |
| 10.1 | List of figures | .28 |
| 10.2 | List of tables | .28 |
| 10.3 | Abbreviations | .29 |
| Annex 1 - | Documentation of data collection and calculation procedure | .30 |
| Annex 2 - | - Table of basic/auxiliary material in detail | .30 |
| Annex 3 - | - Description of the data quality of authoritative data according to ILCD data format | .30 |
| Annex 4 - | - Inventory Analysis, Input-Output tables, LCA-Model | .32 |

1. General information

| Product name | Declared Product / Declared Unit |
|--|--|
| Name and description of product | Description of the declared product and declared unit/functional unit |
| Declaration number To be accorded with Bau EPD GmbH | Number of datasets in EPD Document(s): XX |
| Declaration data Specific data Average data | Range of validity The products, sites and locations/countries considered in the data of the life cycle assessment and for which the declaration applies must be named. |
| Declaration based on: MS-HB version dated YYYY-MM-DD: Name of PCR PCR Code | In the case of an average EPD, this type of EPD must be pointed out. The representativeness of the declaration must be shown with regard to the production volume covered by the life cycle assessment and the technology used. Likewise, the range of fluctuation of the product group considered, must be specified in the interpretation. |
| Version XX of YYYY-MM-DD Version XX of content and format template (PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee = PKR-Gremium) The owner of the declaration is liable for the underlying information and evidence; Bau EPD GmbH is not liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence. | |
| Type of Declaration as per EN 15804 From cradle to LCA-method (i.e. cut-off by classification) | Database, Software, Version Declaration of backround database, Software used and both its versions Version Characterisation Factors: Source, Version |
| Author of the Life Cycle Assessment Name of the author Institution Address, Postal Code, city Country | The CEN standard EN 15804:2019+A2+corr2021 serves as the core-PCR. The c-PKR of CEN EN XXXXXX was applied. Independent verification of the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010 internally internally externally Verifier 1: Name Verifier 2: Name |
| Holder of the Declaration Name of the manufacturer Address, Postal Code, city Country | Owner, Publisher and Programme Operator Bau EPD GmbH Seidengasse 13/3 1070 Vienna Austria |

DI (FH) DI DI Sarah Richter

Head of Conformity Assessment Body

Academic Title Name Verifier Academic Title Name, Verifier Bau-EF

Note: EPDs from similar product groups from different programmes might not be comparable.



2. Product

2.1 General product description

For the product description the characteristics of the declared product must be described. In case of average EPD ("sector or branch" EPD) all declared products must be described separately.

Indications for the general product description:

- Separate description of products/materials for each product standard applicable, citing the product types and names.
- Description of characteristic components.
- All factory locations for the respective product categories must be declared, alternatively a reference can be made to an overview in an appendix (mandatory information in the project report and in the EPD document)
- All manufacturers who have provided data for the life cycle inventory of the EPD must be listed (mandatory information in the project report and in the EPD document).

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

The declared thermal insulation composite system must be described.

Example for the system description:

The thermal insulation composite system <product name> consists of

- Product name(s) (adhesive),
- Product name/s (insulation board made of <material>)
- Product name/s (anchors)
- Product name/s (flush)
- product name(s) (reinforcement),
- Product name/s (principle)
- Product name/s (finish plaster)

2.2 Application field

The use and application purpose of the named products are to specify. The individual applications (including functions) must be declared as a text or table format.

Example as a table format:

The thermal insulation composite system <product name> is used for thermal insulation and facade design of buildings. Special system structures apply to the base area, which is not considered here.

2.3 Standards, guidelines and regulations relevant for the product

The respective standard and/or general technical approval or comparable national regulation must be indicated.

Optional: Documentation under the frame of CE -certification such as certificates of constancy of performance, certificates of conformity of the internal production control on the manufacturer's site, Declarations of performance, Official certificates of registration, European Technical Assessments or Technical permissions of construction industry can be cited.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

The applicable standard or the general building inspectorate approval or the comparable national regulation must be named. In Austria, a European Technical Assessment (ETB) or a Construction Technical Approval (BTZ) from the OIB must be available for the system. In the case of an ETB, a certificate of constancy of performance (in system 1) or a certificate of conformity of the factory production control (in system 2+) as well as a declaration of performance as part of the CE marking is required, in the case of a BTZ a certificate of registration as part of the ÜA- Labelling. In general, only product combinations that are covered by the ETB or BTZ are permitted on the market.



2.4 Technical data

For products carrying a CE marking as per Construction Products Regulation (CPR) the EPD must declare at least the same technical data as required and indicated in the declaration of performance of the manufacturer. What kind of data is required in each individual case is to learn from the document underlying the CE marking: any Harmonized European Standard or European Technical Assessment (ETA). Additional technical data must be listed if relevant for product distinction or specification.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

In addition to the designation code, the following (structural) technical data in the delivery condition, if relevant for the declared product, must be given with reference to the test standard, in this case the European Technical Assessment (ETAG 004 for external thermal insulation composite systems).

Table 1: Technical data of the declared system according to ETAG 004:

| Characterization | Value | Unit |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Declared thermal conductivity λD of the insulation material (in addition to ETAG 004) | | W/mK |
| Water absorption of the base coat after 24 hours according to EN 1062-3 | | kg/m ² |
| Water absorption of the plaster system after 24 hours according to EN 1062-3 | | kg/m ² |
| Hygrothermal behavior (EOTA wall) | | - |
| freeze-thaw behavior | | - |
| shock resistance | Category I or II | |
| Adhesive tensile strength between base coat and thermal insulation material | | kPa or break in |
| | | the insulating |
| | | material |
| Adhesive strength between the adhesive and the substrate | | kPa |
| Adhesive tensile strength between adhesive and insulating material | | kPa or break in |
| | | the insulating |
| | | material |
| Adhesive strength after aging | | kPa or break in |
| | | the insulating |
| | | material |
| Resistance to wind loads | | - |
| Thermal resistance according to EN 12667 / EN 12939 | | m²K/W |
| Weighted sound reduction index according to ÖNORM B 8115-4, September 2003 edition | | dB |
| Euro class of fire behavior according to ÖNORM EN 13501-1 | | |
| transverse tensile strength of the insulating material | | - |
| Shear stress of the insulation material | | kPa |
| Shear modulus of the insulation material | | MPa |

For specific EPD the technical data of the product must be declared as required in Table 1.

For average EPD ("Sector or Branch-EPD", "Group EPD" or "EPD from Associations") Table 1 must be filled, average values or ranges are accepted, in addition a note stating "see product sheets" pointing to single technical product sheets can be cited. Technical data must be provided by the manufacturers. The manufacturers are to ensure that the relevant data are accessible, and the LCA-practitioner must indicate the sources where the technical data can be downloaded.

Note:

When averaging, it should be taken into account that, with regard to possible grouping into classes, the gross density is more decisive than the application according to EN 16783.

In case of declaring average values ÖNORM EN 16783 chapter 6.3.6 must be considered: Grouping of products and declaring average values is allowed without reporting differences, if the differences in each impact category are lower than 25 %. In other cases, the differences in the impact categories shall be reported together with average values.



2.5 Basic/auxiliary materials

The product components and/or contents and ingredients must be declared in mass-% to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition and structure of the product in delivery status. These indications shall also support security and efficiency in installation, use and disposal of the product.

The declaration of mass-% can be accurate numbers or a range by analogy with REACH¹. The mass of components that make up less than 1 mass-% of the total product mass can be declared with < 1 mass-%.

The declaration of material product content must list at least those substances contained in the product which are included in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization" where their contents exceed the limit values (0.1 mass-% on product level) for registration by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA²). If substances and preparations lose their hazardous features during manufacturing (e.g. after a complete chemical reaction) they are exempted from the obligation of declaration.

If the content of the material is below the limit of ECHA the following note must be stated in the EPD:

", The content of XXXX is below the limit values of the registration by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA). Interpreting statements such as "... free of ..." or "... are entirely harmless ..." are not permissible.

The product components must be described in detail, so that their sort of product is clear, but the protection of sensitive data is assured, and company secrets are not revealed.

For additives, the function and substance class respective chemical group (i.e. hydraulic binders) must be stated. In addition to that all auxiliary materials and additives that stay within the product must be declared.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

| Nr. | Components: x) | Function | EPD-Nr. | Mass | Einheit |
|-----|--|---|---------|------|------------------------|
| 1 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | Glue (Consumption) | | | kg/m² |
| 2 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | Insulation board made of <material> (thickness, weight/m³, thermal conductivity)</material> | | | cm, kg/m³, m²K/W |
| 3 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | Dowel made of <material></material> | | | Stück |
| 4 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | concealed (consumption) | | | kg/m² |
| 6 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | <material> reinforcement</material> | | | kg/m² |
| 6 | <produktname n=""> ^{x)}</produktname> | reason for detention | | | kg/m² |
| 7 | <produktname n=""> x)</produktname> | finishing coat (consumption) | | | kg/m² |

Table 2: Components of the thermal insulation composite system (amounts per functional unit FE = RD = 10 m2K/W)

Optional: footnote with description for each component Examples:

1) text

² European Chemicals Agency: <u>http://echa.europa.eu/de</u>

¹ Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC



2) text

3) text

Auxiliaries / additives

Specifications and proportions of excipients are to be stated (in text or tabular format)

2.6 Product stage

The process of production must be described and illustrated with a simple figure (i.e. flow chart). In case of average EPD the production processes of all sites must be described respective a useful summary must be included and a list of all production sites must be provided in an annex. Quality management systems, eco management systems etc. can be referred to.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

The system is manufactured by assembling the individual components on site (see the chapter on product processing and installation).

2.7 Packaging

Information concerning each component of packages:

Type (Foil, pallets, etc.), Material (Paper, Polyethylene; including origin, e.g. recycled paper) and Possibilities of reuse (e.g. multi way pallets).

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

Reference to the EPDs or product information for the individual components.

2.8 Conditions of delivery

Written description of conditions of delivery, units of delivery, size and dimension as well as requirements on storage important for the declared product(s). Example: rolls, slabs or mats.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

Reference to the EPDs or product information for the individual components.

e.g.: Plates, buckets, rolls, boxes...delivery conditions of all components of the system must be described

2.9 Transport to site

Description of delivery (Route and means of transport incl. capacity utilisation (including empty runs) in percent, bulk density of the transported products in kg/m³ and volume utilisation factor.)

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

Reference to the EPDs or product information for the individual components.

2.10 Construction product stage

Description of way of treatment, used machines, tools, dust collection etc., auxiliary materials as well as measures of noise reduction. Notes regarding recognized rules of engineering, work safety or protection of the environment can be included. References to detailed processing directives and referrals to user safety (safe use instruction sheets) of the manufacturer are required.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

Installation scenarios for use in ETICS must be described in detail (components of system).

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

Installation scenarios for use in EIFS – allocation of material flows to be calculated in A1-A3 and those flows to be declared in A5 as per CEN TR 16970 = Guidance Document to EN 15804) must be described.

2.11 Use stage

Notes describing specific features of the material composition relevant for the use stage.



Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

With thermal insulation composite systems, there are no changes in the material composition over the period of use if they are properly planned, properly and professionally installed and trouble-free used.

Influences on aging when used according to the rules of technology, recommended measures for care, damage prevention and damage repair are to be mentioned

2.12 Reference service life (RSL)

The indication of the reference service life (RSL) is imperative for EPDs covering the complete use stage (modules B1-B7), or if a use stage scenario is described, which refers to the lifetime of the product ("from cradle to grave").

The RSL must refer to the declared technical and functional quality of the product. It must be established in line with all of the specific rules in the European product standards and must also take consideration of the ISO 15686-1, -2, -7 and -8 standards.

Where information is available for deriving the RSL from harmonized European product standards, such data has priority.

The assumption underlying the calculation of the RSL and for those only the RSL can be declared must be stated. Influence on aging as per recognized rules of engineering.

Specific notes for the creation of an EPD for ETICS:

Table 3: Reference service life (RSL)

| Characterization | value | unit |
|--|-------|------------------|
| top layer | | years |
| thermal insulation composite system | | years |
| Reference conditions on which the RSL is based (if relevant) | | Individual units |

See EN 15804+A2 clause 6.3.4 and Annex A requirements and guidelines for reference service life

If no reference service life can be determined according to the rules of EN 15804+A2 (Annex A), a default value from a complementary PCR of the CEN/TC product committees, if available, must be used. If no complementary PKR is available, the service life can be declared from service life catalogues, depending on the area of application, stating the source, e.g. according to BAU EPD-M-DOKUMENT-20-Reference-usage-times-20150810 (Austria) or the BBSR table "Useful lives of components on life cycle analysis according to BNB" (Germany). If no information can be found there, the RSL can be derived from other sets of regulations (Eurocodes, other basis).

2.13 End of life stage

The different ways of end of life treatment must be described. The EAK-waste disposal code (Disposal code following the European list of waste) must be declared.

2.14 Further information

Optional details, indication of reference source for additional information, e.g. websites...



3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared unit/ Functional unit

The declared resp. functional unit, the mass reference and the conversion factor to 1 kg must be declared in a table. If an average EPD is prepared, the average values used in the LCA and their range must be stated. Please refer to the explanations on averaging in section 5.3.

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

The functional unit is 1 m² ETICS with a thermal insulation resistance (RD value) of 10 m2K/W. The functional unit and the conversion factor to 1 kg for the thickness-independent components (plaster, adhesive, reinforcement) and the thickness-dependent components (insulation material, anchors) must be specified in accordance with Table 4. The quantities of the remaining components are given in the chapter Basic materials.

Table 4: Functional unit

| characterization | value | unit |
|--|-------|-------------------|
| Thermal insulation composite system with RD = 10 m ² K/W | 1 | m² |
| Basis weight of the thickness-independent components for conversion into kg | | kg/m ² |
| Weight per unit area of the thickness- dependent components for conversion into kg | | kg/m² |

3.2 System boundary

The type of EPD with regard to the applied system boundaries must be specified in the EPD. All building products and materials must declare modules A1-A3, modules C1-C4 and module D. The following EPD types may be specified:

• from the cradle to the factory gate with modules C1-C4 and module D (A1-A3 + C + D);

• from the cradle to the factory gate with options, modules A1-A3, C1-C4 and D (A1-A3 + C + D and additional modules. The additional modules may be one or more modules selected from A4 to B7);

• from cradle to grave and module D (A + B + C + D)

Exceptions to this rule are specified in EN 15804+A2.

Note: The specifications for the modules that must be declared no longer correspond to ÖNORM EN 16783:2017 - the specifications from EN 15804:2019+A2 apply primarily.

All declared life cycle stages (modules) are to be marked with an "X" in the following table. Undeclared modules are to be marked with ND (= not declared).



Table 5: Declared life cycle stages

| PROE | DUCT ST | TAGE | CON- STRU PROC STAG | CTION ESS | USE STAGE END-OF-LIFE STAGE B | | | | | END-OF-LIFE STAGE | | | BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|------------------|----------|--|
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport from the gate to the site | Construction, installation | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction, demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential |
| x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |

X = included in LCA; ND = Not declared

The modules assessed in the LCA study must be described shortly. It should be made apparent, which processes are calculated in which module and how the system boundaries to nature resp. to other product systems are set (if relevant for the declared product).

If not all modules are declared in an EPD, a clear justification must be given.

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

Specific life cycle assessment rules for thermal insulation composite systems:

Prerequisite for creating an EPD for ETICS are specific data for the following individual parts

o insulating material

o plaster mortar

o Adhesive spatula

Generic data sets can be used for the remaining components (dowels, grids, etc.).

A1-A3

• The manufacture of all system components must be declared in A1-A3.

Caution: Here the system limits of the ETICS differ from those of the plaster mortar and other individual components, where auxiliary materials such as reinforcement fabric are to be declared in A5.

A4-A5

Guide values for material losses:

o 10% of the delivery quantity for insulation panels for insulation of external walls

o 3% of the delivery quantity for plasters and adhesives

o 10% of the delivery quantity for reinforcement

If lower values are to be used, the manufacturer must submit proof of this.

B1-B7

- B1 use: any emissions of substances into the environment that are relevant to the life cycle assessment
- The repair processes may be neglected.
- The stage B4 replacement is equivalent to the end of product life

• Stages B5 conversion/renewal, B6 energy use and B7 water use are not applicable to thermal insulation composite systems. The environmental impacts are therefore "0" in the default scenario.



C1 - C4 and D

• The disposal phase must be balanced. No specific rules for thermal insulation composite systems.

3.3 Flow chart of processes/stages in the life cycle

A meaningful flow chart describing the manufacturing process shall give further aid to comprehension. The flow chart must be subdivided at least into the phases of life cycle declared (production, use, end-of-life). The phases can be partitioned into appropriate process stages.

3.4 Estimations and assumptions

The assumptions and assessments that are important for the interpretation of the life cycle assessment are to be listed here.

3.5 Cut-off criteria

The application of the cut-off criteria according to MS-HB Chapter 5 must be documented here.

3.6 Allocation

The allocations of relevance for calculation (appropriation of expenses across various products) must be indicated, at least:

- System boundary settings/allocation in the use of recycled and/or secondary raw materials
- Allocation concerning co-products
- Allocation of energy, auxiliary and operating materials used for individual products in a factory
- Loads and credits from recycling or energy recovery of packaging materials and production waste
- Loads and credits from recycling or energy recovery from the end of life of the product

whereby reference must be made to the modules in which the allocations are performed. Detailed regulations concerning calculation of secondary materials and allocation MS-HB chapter "LCA rules" apply in all studies.

3.7 Comparability

With reference to comparability of EPD data the following facts must be mentioned:

Comparison or benchmarking of EPD data is only possible, if all compared data sets are calculating following EN 15804 in the same version, the same programme specific PCR-rules or other additional rules. The same backround data sources and software versions must be applied. Moreover, the context of the function in the building or product specific features of performance must be considered.

4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information is mandatory to give for all declared modules, for modules not declared it is optional. If need, additional information can be declared.

4.1 A1-A3 product stage

Following EN 15804 no scenario documentation is required for A1-A3 for the declaration and calculation of these modules lies within the responsibility of the manufacturer and must not be altered by the LCA practitioner.

In the project report and the EPD the following information must be declared:

The emission factors of the carbon footprint of the electricity mix used in XX kg CO2e/kWh.

The energy data sets used must be specified. Minimum: Indication of whether residual mix or self-modelled data sets were used. Information on whether Guarantees of Origin are used must be provided. The mix of energy sources should be specified/displayed.

4.2 A4-A5 Construction process stage

Table 9 and the units listed must be used for calculation the environmental impact of the transport phase.



Table 10 and the units listed must be used for calculation the environmental impact of the installation into the building.

Table 6: Description of the scenario "Transport to building site (A4)"

| km |
|-------------------|
| |
| |
| l/100 km |
| tons |
| % |
| kg/m ³ |
| |
| - |
| |

^{x)} The table must be filled with reference to the information available from the datasets used (i.e. in case of transport by ship). The datasets used must be noted in a footnote.

Table 7: Description of the scenario "Installation of the product in the building (A5)"

| Parameters to describe the installation of the product in the building (A5) | Quantity per unit |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Ancillary materials for installation (specified by material); | Meaningful unit |
| Water use | m ³ |
| Other resource use | kg |
| Electricity demand | kWh or MJ |
| Other energy carrier(s): | kWh or other unit (e.g. litres) |
| Wastage of materials on the building site before waste processing, generated by the product's installation (specified by type) | kg |
| Output materials (specified by type) as result of waste processing at the building site e.g. of collection for recycling, for energy recovery, disposal (specified by route) | kg |
| Direct emissions to ambient air, soil and water | kg |

4.3 B1-B7 use stage

Reference Service life: [a]

Statements to B1 optional as long as no horizontal testing standards do exist. Else: 0

The parameters and the units listed in the following tables must be used for calculation the environmental impact of the use stage (B2-B7). The tables can be excluded if no input or output happens. In this case a note of explanation would be sufficient: "In module BX-BY no material resp. mass flows occur, input +/- output = 0

Table 8: Description of the scenario "maintenance (B2)"

| Parameters maintenance (B2) | value | unit |
|--|-------|--------------------|
| Maintenance process | | Description or |
| | | source where |
| | | description can be |
| | | found |
| Maintenance cycle | | Number per RSL or |
| | | year ª |
| Ancillary materials for maintenance, e.g. | | Kg/cycle |
| cleaning agent, specify materials | | |
| Waste material resulting from maintenance (specify materials) | | kg |
| Net fresh water consumption during maintenance | | m³ |
| Energy input during maintenance, e.g. vacuum cleaning, energy carrier type, e.g. electricity, and amount, if applicable and relevant | | kWh |

Table 9: Description of the scenario "repair (B3)"

| Parameters repair (B3) | value | unit |
|---|-------|-----------------------|
| | | Description or source |
| Repair process | | where description |
| | | can be |
| | | found |
| Inspection process | | Description or source |
| | | where description |
| | | can be |
| | | found |
| Repair cycle | | Number per RSL or |
| | | year |
| Ancillary materials, e.g. lubricant, specify | | Kg or kg/cycle |
| materials | | |
| Waste material resulting from repair, (specify materials) | | kg |
| Net fresh water consumption during repair | | m³ |
| Energy input during repair, e.g. crane activity, | | kWh |
| energy carrier type, e.g. electricity, and amount | | |

Table 10: Description of scenario "replacement (B4)"

| Parameters replacement (B4) | value | unit |
|---|-------|-------------------|
| Replacement cycle | | Number per RSL or |
| | | year |
| Energy input during replacement e.g. crane | | kWh |
| activity, energy carrier type, e.g. electricity and | | |
| amount if applicable and relevant | | |
| Exchange of worn parts during the product's life cycle, e.g. zinc galvanised steel sheet, | | kg |
| specify materials | | |
| | | |

Table 11: Description of scenario "refurbishment (B5)"

| Parameters refurbishment (B5) | value | unit |
|--|-------|----------------------|
| Refurbishment process | | Description or |
| | | source where |
| | | description can be |
| | | found |
| Refurbishment cycle | | Number per RSL or |
| | | year |
| Energy input during refurbishment e.g. crane | | kWh |
| activity, energy carrier type, e.g. electricity, and | | |
| amount if applicable and relevant | | |
| Material input for refurbishment, e.g. bricks, including ancillary materials for | | kg or kg / cycle |
| the refurbishment process e.g. lubricant, (specify materials) | | |
| Waste material resulting from refurbishment (specify materials) | | kg |
| Further assumptions for scenario development, e.g. frequency and time period of use, | | Units as appropriate |
| number of occupants | | |
| | | |

Table 12: Description of scenarios "energy (B6)" resp. "Water (B7)"

| Parameters energy (B6) and water (B7) | value | unit |
|---|-------|-----------------------|
| Ancillary materials, e.g. lubricant, specify | | Kg or kg/cycle |
| materials | | |
| Net fresh water consumption | | m³ |
| Type of energy carrier, e.g. electricity, natural gas, district | | kWh or m ³ |
| heating | | |



| Power output of equipment | kW |
|--|----------------------|
| Characteristic performance, e.g. energy efficiency, emissions, variation of performance with capacity utilisation etc. | units as appropriate |
| Further assumptions for scenario development, e.g. frequency and period of use, number of occupants | units as appropriate |

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

For ETICS no LCA-relevant material- and energy flows occur in use stage (B1). Therefore, results in B1 must be declared with "0". During use stage no processes with regard to maintenance, repair or replacement and refurbishment occur, therefore no environmental impact is to calculate in modules B2-B5 (the results must be declared with "0"). Modules B6 and B7 are not relevant for insulating materials, with that no impact is to calculate (B6 and B7 must be declared with "0").

4.4 C1-C4 End-of-Life stage

Short description of processes concerning disposal and scenarios going with that (i.e. for transport).

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

Existing processes of treatment should be described, even if technical or economic framework conditions make treatment not sensible at the time of publication of the EPD.

Table 13: Description of the scenario "Disposal of the product (C1 to C4)"

| Parameters for End-of-Life stage (C1-C4) | value | Quantity per m ³ insulation material |
|---|-------|--|
| Collection process specified by type | | kg collected separately |
| Collection process specified by type | | kg collected with mixed construction waste |
| | | kg for re-use |
| Recovery system specified by type | | kg for recycling |
| | | kg for energy recovery |
| Disposal specified by type | | kg product or material for final deposition |
| Assumptions for scenario development, e.g. transportation | | Appropriate units |

4.5 D Potential of reuse and recycling

Short description of assumptions for reuse-, recover- and recycling processes.

Specific LCA calculation rules for ETICS:

Any substitutions of primary materials with regards to any considered share of secondary materials from insulating materials removed in C1 must be declared in module D (net flows).

Table 14: Description of the scenario "re-use, recovery and recycling potential (module D)"

(Substituted primary materials resp. technologies must be declared in a separate footnote (including technical information).

| Parameters for module D | value | unit |
|---|-------|-----------------|
| Materials for reuse, recovery or recycling from A4-A5 | | % |
| Energy recovery or secondary fuels from A4-A5 | | MJ/t resp. kg/t |
| Materials for reuse, recovery or recycling from B2-B5 | | % |
| Energy recovery or secondary fuels from B2-B5 | | MJ/t resp. kg/t |
| Materials for reuse, recovery or recycling from C1-C4 | | % |
| Energy recovery or secondary fuels from C1-C4 | | MJ/t resp. kg/t |



5. Information on data quality and data selection in accordance with EN 15941

5.1 Principles for the description of data quality

The information on data quality in the EPD must be consistent with the information on data quality provided in the project report and represent an appropriate summary of this data (EN 15941, point 7.3.3).

The project report must take into account the reporting requirements according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 8.2, for example regarding the provision of information on averaging (see chapter 5.3 below) or on LCA rules such as the definition of system boundaries, cut-off rules, etc. (see chapter 3 LCA: Calculation rules).

The text describing the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness must use the terminology provided for the quality level in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Table E.1 and Table E.2 (EN 15941, point 7.3.3).

The EPD must contain the following statement (EN 15941, point 7.3.4): The following data quality information shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of EN 15941 (EN 15941, point 7.3.4).

5.2 Description of the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness of the product data

With regard to the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness of the product data, at least the following information must be described in the project report and in the EPD:

Temporal representativeness:

- Data collection period for the raw data
- Indication and justification for the deviation from data collection within one year

Geographical representativeness:

- The geographical area where the product is manufactured and where the construction, use and end of use phases of the product are modelled must be detailed.

Technological representativeness:

- Brief description of the technology and/or relevant inputs for the product or service covered by the EPD

Geographical and technological representativeness for EPDs covering an industry:

- Percentage of total consumption or production of the construction product or service represented by the EPD in the specified market or region in which the EPD is modelled;

Note: Total consumption includes the mix of products consumed in a region, total production includes the mix of products produced in a region.

- Number of products and/or sites included in the EPD;

- All sampling methods used to select sites must be described;

- The relative production volume covered by the data collection must be described in comparison to the production represented by the EPD;

- An explanation of the averaging procedure must be provided;

5.3 Explanation of the averaging process

For EPDs that cover an average environmental quality for several products or several sites, the averaging process must be explained. Chapter 7 LCA: Interpretation must describe the range of values and the variation of the impact assessment. The results in the core indicators for the environmental impacts of the individual products or sites should not differ significantly. If major differences in impacts are identified for the assessed sites and/or products, a reference must be made here to additional explanations in Chapter 7, e.g:

Information on the range of values and the variation of the impact assessment for the individual products can be found in Chapter 7 LCA: Interpretation.

5.4 Assessment of the data quality of the Life Cycle Inventory data

5.4.1 Summarised assessment in the EPD

The source of the Life Cycle Inventory datasets must be indicated together with their age (e.g. name and dated version of the Life Cycle Inventory/LCA database). Specific EPDs used in the modelling should also be indicated.

It must be stated which table from EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Annex E was used to assess the data quality of the relevant data.



Any use of authoritative data rated as poor or very poor in terms of time, geography or technology according to EN 15941, 7.1 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 6.3.8.3

- have been assessed as poor or very poor

- have been assessed as medium and whose assessment has resulted in a contribution to any core indicators of more than 30 % must be described, including the justification (the justification must only be given in the project report) for the quality level of the data and for the selection of the data set.

5.4.2 Documentation and evaluation of the raw data and life cycle inventory in the project report

The source of the raw data used in the EPD must be specified in the project report together with all sampling methods and calculations used for averaging.

An assessment of the data quality of the raw data and the life cycle inventory determined for the EPD must be provided in the project report based on one of the two systems described in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Annex E (Table E.2 is preferable).

5.4.3 Documentation of the generic and specific data used in the project report

The generic and specific data used in the modelling of the EPD, in particular all data sets of the life cycle inventory or of an upstream or downstream EPD, must be documented in the project report.

For the relevant data, the documentation must include the following:

- temporal coverage, e.g. year or years of collection of raw data and statistics, reference year of the life cycle inventory, validity of the EPD, etc.

geographical scope;

Technological coverage;

- Source including the year of publication.

In addition, the precision, consistency, completeness of the authoritative data used should be stated; any deviations from the requirements of EN 15804 must be stated and justified in the report, e.g. the use of upstream data that does not respect the allocation principles of EN 15804 must be clearly stated and justified in the project report, see EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 6.4.3.1.

5.4.4 Assessment of the data quality of the authoritative data in the project report

According to EN 15804, point 6.3.8.3, the term 'significant data' refers to data with a major contribution that together account for at least 80% of the absolute impact of each core indicator included in the EPD, considered over the entire life cycle with the exception of Module D, or over those modules of the life cycle that are included in the EPD. The data quality of Module D must also be considered.

The assessment of the data quality of the relevant data in accordance with 7.1 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, 6.3.8.3 must be stated in the project report.

It must be stated which table from EN 15804:2012+A2:2019, Annex E was used to assess the data quality of the relevant data.

In Annex 4 - Life cycle inventory, input-output tables, LCA model, Table 21 shows a possible documentation of the data sets used, including a description of the representativeness according to EN 15941 and assessment according to EN 15804, Annex E for relevant process data.

Any use of relevant data that has been assessed as poor or very poor in terms of time, geography or technology according to EN 15804 Annex E.

- rated as poor or very poor,

- has been assessed as medium and whose assessment has resulted in a contribution to any core indicators of more than 30%,

must be described, including the justification for the level of quality of the data and for the selection of the data set.

Any data adjustments to improve the representativeness of the data or compliance with the requirements of EN 15804 must also be described.

The relevance of these datasets in terms of contribution to the results of the core indicators must also be described.

5.4.5 Verification of the mass balance in the project report

The verification of the mass balance must be shown in the project report. The mass balances must demonstrate that the inputs are sufficient to produce all outputs, including waste generated, process emissions and biogenic carbon emissions. Water and moisture should also be considered as part of the mass balance or a separate water balance should be provided. (Further information can be found in EN 15941, Annex B Mass balance at product level.

In any case, the mass balance should include

- Documentation of the complete mass balance for the relevant modules and processes.
- Documentation of all input and output flows
- Description of uncertainties if mass balance is not balanced
- Documentation of water balance (as part of the mass balance or separate water balance)

- Documentation of the truncated input and output flows



- Documentation of the correction calculations in the case of allocations, including consideration of inherent material properties (biogenic carbon, energy content, etc.)

5.4.6 Proof of avoidance of double counting in the assessment of electricity and all other relevant energy

The project report must demonstrate that double counting has been avoided in the assessment of electricity and all other relevant energy, see Annex E.

5.4.7 Documentation to support any statement contained in the EPD in the project report

Statements contained in the EPD may include certification to environmental standards such as EN ISO 14001 or certification to technical standards. EN ISO 14021 must be taken into account with regard to environmental statements made in the EPD such as 'recyclate content' and 'recyclable'.

Evidence, e.g. certification, must support any claim made in the EPD.

5.4.8 General note

The data quality of the relevant data for Module D must also be specified.



6. LCA: results

The declaration of environmental indicators must be listed in the following tables with reference only to the declared life cycle stages. Indicator values should be declared with three valid digits (eventually exponential form (e.g. 1.23E-5 = 0.0000123). A uniform format should be used for all values of one indicator. It is preferred that the definitions of the environmental indicators are spelled out completely to ensure the best possible readability. If space is needed in case of too many columns the defined abbreviations are accepted.

Table 15: Parameters to describe the environmental impact

| Para- meter | unit | A1- A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B1- B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C1- C4 | A-C | D |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|--|---|--|-----------------------|--|---|--|-----------|------------------------|----------|---|
| GWP total | kg CO₂ eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| GWP fossil fuels | kg CO₂ eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GWP biogenic | kg CO₂ eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GWP luluc | kg CO₂ eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ODP | kg CFC-11 eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AP | mol H⁺ eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EP freshwater | kg P eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EP marine | kg N eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EP terrestrial | mol N eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| РОСР | kg NMVOC eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADPE | kg Sb eq. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADPF | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WDP | m3 Welt eq. entz. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legende | | | | | | | ODP = AP = Ao EP = Eu photoc ADPE = potenti | Depletio cidificatio itrophica hemical Abiotic ial for fos | n potent on poten tion pote oxidants depletion | n potentia rces WD | stratosp mulated)CP = For al for noi | heric ozo Exceeda mation p n-fossil re | ne layer; nce; otential esources; | of tropos | pheric o: Abiotic d | epletion | |

Table 16: Additional environmental indicators

| Parameter | Einheit | A1- A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B1- B7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | C1- C4 | A-C | D |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----|-----------|-----|---|
| PM | Auftreten von Krankheiten | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IRP | kBq U235 äquiv | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ETP-fw | CTUe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HTP-c | CTUh | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HTP-nc | CTUh | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SQP | dimensions- los | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legend | | Humar relative Potent | n expos e to U2 ial Con | sure ef 35; ET nparati | ficiency P-fw = ive Tox | / Poteni ic Unit | tial Comp for hum | oarativo ans – c | e Toxic cancer | Unit fo effect; | or ecos HTP-n | systems; c = Poter | HTP-c = itial | | | | |



Table 17 contains restrictions that must be declared according to the following classification in the project report and in the EPD with regard to the declaration of relevant core and additional environmental impact indicators.

| ILCD-classification | Indicator | Disclaimer |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| | GWP Global Warming Potential | none |
| ILCD-Type 1 | ODP Ozone Depletion Potential | none |
| | PM Particulate Matter | none |
| | Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP) | none |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching | none |
| | freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater) | |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching | none |
| ILCD-Type 2 | marine end compartment (EP-marine) | |
| | Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance | none |
| | (EP-terrestrial) | |
| | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) | none |
| | Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP) | 1 |
| | Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources | 2 |
| | (ADP-minerals&metals) | 2 |
| | Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil) | 2 |
| | Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted | 2 |
| ILCD-Type 3 | water consumption (WDP) | Z |
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw) | 2 |
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-c) | 2 |
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-nc) | 2 |
| | Potential Soil quality index (SQP) | 2 |
| Disclaimer 1 – This im | pact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose io | nizing radiation on human |
| health of the nuclear | fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accid | lents, occupational exposure |
| nor due to radioactive | e waste disposal in underground | |
| facilities. Potential ior | nizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some constructi | ion materials |
| is also not measured | by this indicator. | |
| | sults of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care | |
| uncertainties on thes | e results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicat | tor. |

Table 17: Classification of disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators



Table 18: Parameters to describe the use of resources

| Parameter | Einheit | A1- A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B1- B7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | C1- C4 | A-C | D |
|-----------|-------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|-----------|-----|---|
| PERE | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERM | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERT | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| PENRE | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PENRM | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PENRT | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SM | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RSF | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NRSF | MJ H _u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FW | m ³ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legend | | PERE = Renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PERM = Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier; PENRM = Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization; PENRT = Total use of non- renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of fresh water | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 19: Parameters describing LCA-output flows and waste categories

| Para- | Einheit | A1- | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B5 | B6 | B7 | B1 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C1- | A-C | D |
|--------|---------|-----|----|----|---|--|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|--------|-------|--------|----------|----------|---|
| meter | | A3 | | | | | | | | - | | | | | C4 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | B7 | | | | | | | |
| HWD | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NHWD | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RWD | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CRU | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MFR | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MER | kg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EEE | MJ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EET | MJ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ΗV | HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legend | | | | | Radioactive waste disposed; | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legenu | Legend | | | CR | CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | en | ergy re | ecovery | /; EEE = | = Expor | ted ele | ectric e | nergy; | EET = | Export | ed therm | al energ | y |

Table 20: Information for description biogenic carbon content at factory gate

| Biogenic carbon content | unit |
|--|------|
| Biogenic carbon content in the product | kg C |
| Biogenic carbon content of packing | kg C |
| | |

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to $44/12\ kg\ CO_2$

If the mass of biogenic carbon containing materials in the product is less than 5 % of the mass of the product, the declaration of biogenic carbon content may be omitted.

If the mass of biogenic carbon containing materials in the packaging is less than 5 % of the total mass of the packaging, the declaration of the biogenic carbon content of the packaging may be omitted.



7. LCA: Interpretation

For better understanding of the LCA, the aggregated indicators of the inventory analysis as well as those of the impact assessment (LCIA) from chapter 5 must be interpreted in a dominance analysis. The interpretation must describe a range resp. variance of LCIA results, if the EPD is valid for more than one product.

It is recommended to illustrate the interpretation of the results in the project report with graphs (e.g. the dominance analysis regarding the distribution of environmental impacts across the modules, etc.). In the EPD, graphs should only be inserted at the express request of the declaration holder (this involves a high level of effort in the course of translation services into other languages).

When declaring average products, the range of values and the variation of the key impact categories for the individual products or individual locations must be explained. The results should not differ significantly in the core indicators for the environmental impacts. If major differences in the impacts are identified for the sites and/or products assessed, an additional explanation must be provided.

Regarding Module D, the interpretation in the EPD shall indicate that the benefits and loads are outside the product system boundaries. Graphs for the interpretation of life cycle results shall be designed in such a way that modules A1-C4 are shown in one graph and module D in separate graphs. Alternatively, the results can be interpreted without graphs, it is recommended to include graphs only in the project report, see above.

Re-issuance of an EPD:

It is mandatory to declare in a separate block in the project report:

Reasons for deviations of results of single indicators of more than 15% compared to the results before. This serves as an information for verifiers and enhances legal compliance. Users of the data can be informed of such facts.

Claims that can be published (i.e. same framework conditions, different electricity mix) can be declared in the EPD, if desired.

8. Description of representativity of average EPD

In case of average EPD the following information must be given:

- a) The market(s) for which the average EPD are representative;
- b) A list of all production sites and products considered in the calculation



9. Literature

Relevant standards and sources for the preparation of the EPD resp. for the definition of the product must be listed here. The full documentation of references is to be done as follows:

Author, First name. and Author, First name. (year). Title of article. subtitle. location: publishing company. Author, First name. (year). Title of article. In: Surname, First name. and Surname, First name. (Publishing company): Name of paper. Bd. 2 or year number, 207-210.

Organisation (Year): Full name of standard or rule. Date of Issue. Location. Legal institution.

Always to be quoted:

EN ISO 14025:2006-07 Environmental labels and declarations -Type III environmental declarations -- Principles and procedures

EN ISO 14040:2006+A1:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment -- Principles and framework

EN ISO 14044:2006+A1:2017+A2:2020 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment -- Requirements and guidelines

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021 Sustainability of construction works - environmental product declarations. Core rules for the product category of construction products

EN 15941:2024 Sustainability of construction works - Data quality for the assessment of environmental quality of products and construction works - Selection and application of data

General Principles and Guidelines = MS-HB and applicable M-Docs of Bau-EPD GmbH, in the current version

EN 16783-Thermal insulation products — Product category rules (PCR) for factory made and in-situ formed products for preparing environmental product declarations

EN 13162: Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made mineral wool (MW) products - Specification

EN 16485 Round and sawn timber - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules for wood and wood-based materials in construction

10. Directory and Glossary

10.1 List of figures

none.

10.2 List of tables

| Table 1: Technical data of the declared system according to ETAG 004: | 11 |
|---|----|
| Table 2: Components of the thermal insulation composite system (amounts per functional unit FE = RD = 10 m2K/W) | 12 |
| Table 3: Reference service life (RSL) | 14 |
| Table 4: Functional unit | 15 |
| Table 5: Declared life cycle stages | 16 |
| Table 6: Description of the scenario "Transport to building site (A4)" | 18 |
| Table 7: Description of the scenario "Installation of the product in the building (A5)" | 18 |
| Table 8: Description of the scenario "maintenance (B2)" | 18 |
| Table 9: Description of the scenario "repair (B3)" | 19 |
| Table 10: Description of scenario "replacement (B4)" | 19 |
| Table 11: Description of scenario "refurbishment (B5)" | 19 |
| Table 12: Description of scenarios "energy (B6)" resp. "Water (B7)" | 19 |
| Table 13: Description of the scenario "Disposal of the product (C1 to C4)" | 20 |



PCR part B – ETICS thermal insulation composite systems EN 15804+A2

| Table 14: Description of the scenario "re-use, recovery and recycling potential (module D)" | 20 |
|--|-------|
| Table 15: Parameters to describe the environmental impact | |
| Table 16: Additional environmental indicators | |
| Table 17: Classification of disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators | 25 |
| Table 18: Parameters to describe the use of resources | 26 |
| Table 19: Parameters describing LCA-output flows and waste categories | 26 |
| Table 20: Information for description biogenic carbon content at factory gate | 26 |
| Table 21: Relevant process data with documentation of the data sets used, including description of representativenes | ss in |
| accordance with EN 15941 and assessment in accordance with EN 15804, Annex E, Table E.1 | 33 |

10.3 Abbreviations

REACH

| 10.3.1 | Abbreviations as per EN 15804 |
|---------|---|
| EPD | environmental product declaration |
| PCR | product category rules |
| LCA | life cycle assessment |
| LCI | life cycle inventory analysis |
| LCIA | life cycle impact assessment |
| RSL | reference service life |
| ESL | estimated service life |
| EPBD | Energy Performance of Buildings Directive |
| GWP | global warming potential |
| ODP | depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer |
| AP | acidification potential of soil and water |
| EP | eutrophication potential |
| POCP | formation potential of tropospheric ozone |
| ADP | abiotic depletion potential |
| | |
| 10.3.2 | Abbreviations as per PCR on hand |
| CE-mark | french: Communauté Européenne or Conformité Européenne = EC certificate of conformity |

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals



Annex 1 - Documentation of data collection and calculation procedure

Table, text

Annex 2 – Table of basic/auxiliary material in detail

Table, text

Annex 3 – Description of the data quality of authoritative data according to ILCD data format

Time related coverage

| | Requirement | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| Field name | Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
| Data collection | optional | optional | |
| period (text) | | | |
| Reference year | recommended | ILCD documentation- | |
| (Year) | | compliant | |
| Data set valid until: | recommended | ILCD documentation- | |
| (Year) | | compliant | |
| Time | recommended | ILCD documentation- | |
| representativeness | | compliant | |
| description | | | |
| Data treatment and | recommended | ILCD documentation- | |
| extrapolations | | compliant | |
| principles | | | |
| Deviation from | recommended | ILCD documentation- | |
| data treatment and | | compliant | |
| extrapolations | | | |
| principles / | | | |
| explanations | | | |

Geographical coverage

| | Requirement | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Field name | Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
| Location | recommended | ILCD format schema valid | |
| | | data set | |
| Latitude and | optional | optional | |
| Longitude | | | |
| Geographical | optional | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| representativeness | | | |
| description | | | |
| Mix and location | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| types | | | |
| Data treatment and | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| extrapolations | | | |
| principles | | | |
| Deviation from data | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| treatment and | | | |
| extrapolations | | | |
| principles / | | | |
| explanations | | | |
| | | | |

| Technological coverage | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Field name | Field name | Requirement Compliance | Compliance requirement type |
| Technology description | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| including background | | | |
| system | | | |
| Mix and location types | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Included data sets | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Technical purpose of | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| product or process | | | |



| Pictogram of technology | optional | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
|--|-------------|------------------------------|--|
| Flow diagram(s) or picture(s) | optional | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Data treatment and extrapolations principles | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Deviation from data treatment and extrapolations principles / explanations | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Percentage supply or production covered | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Annual supply or production volume | optional | optional | |

Aspect of Precision

| • | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | Requirement | | |
| Field name | Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
| Mean amount | optional | optional | |
| Uncertainty | optional | optional | |
| distribution | | | |
| type | | | |
| Relative | optional | optional | |
| StdDev in % | | | |
| Comment | optional | optional | |

Aspect of Completeness

| Field name | Requirement Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Data cut-off and completeness principles | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Deviation from data cut-off and completeness principles / explanations | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |

Aspect of Consistency

| | Demuinement | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | Requirement | | |
| Field name | Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
| Type of data set | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| LCI method principle | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Deviation from LCI | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| method principle / | | | |
| explanations | | | |
| LCI method approaches | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Deviations from LCI | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| method approaches / | | | |
| explanations | | | |
| Modelling constants | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Deviation from | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| modelling constants / | | | |
| explanations | | | |

Sources of data

| Field name | Requirement Compliance | Compliance requirement type | Value |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Data source(s) used for this data set | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
| Data selection and combination principles | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |



| Deviation from data selection and | recommended | ILCD documentation-compliant | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|--|
| combination principles / | | | |
| explanations | | | |
| Sampling procedure | optional | optional | |

Annex 4 – Inventory Analysis, Input-Output tables, LCA-Model

Screenshots of the life cycle inventory or the model

Specification of the baseline database, justification if additional or alternative data sets were used

Documentation of the process data, the assigned generic or specific data sets, the data source, the temporal, geographical and technological representativeness and the assessment of the data quality in accordance with EN 15805, Annex E.

Table 21 shows possible documentation of the data sets used, including a description of representativeness in accordance with EN 15941 and assessment in accordance with EN 15804, Annex E for relevant process data. The processes are to be assigned to the respective modules in which they occur. The heading of the table shall indicate whether the assessment is carried out in accordance with Table E.1 or E.2 of EN 15804, Annex E.

PCR part B – Mineral insulating materials



Table 21: Relevant process data with documentation of the data sets used, including description of representativeness in accordance with EN 15941 and assessment in accordance with EN 15804, Annex E, Table E.1

| Process | Used data | Time-related representativity | | Geographical representativity | | Technological representativity | | |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Example | Name of dataset | Data set source | Description | Qualit y level | Description | Qualit y level | Description | Qualit y level |
| Transport | Transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO6 {RER} transport, freight, lorry >32 metric ton, EURO6 Cut-off, S | ecoinvent v3.9.1 | Reverence year 2009– 2022 | 2 | Europe | 2 | Euro 6 | 1 |
| Valid for all life cycle stages | | | | | | | | |
| A1–A3 | | | | | | | | |
| A4 | | | | | | | | |
| A5 | | | | | | | | |
| В1-В7 | | | | | | | | |
| C1 | | | | | | | | |
| C2 | | | | | | | | |
| СЗ | | | | | | | | |
| C4 | | | | | | | | |
| Module D from A5 | | | | | | | | |
| Module D from C1-C4 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 |



| Bau-EPD | Owner and Publisher Bau EPD GmbH Seidengasse 13/3 1070 Vienna Austria | Tel +43 664 2427429 Mail office@bau-epd.at Web www.bau-epd.at |
|---------|--|---|
| Bau-EPD | Programme Operator Bau EPD GmbH Seidengasse 13/3 1070 Vienna Austria | Tel +43 664 2427429 Mail office@bau-epd.at Web www.bau-epd.at |
| Logo | Author of the Life Cycle Assessment Name of creator in person Name of Institution (if rel.) Address Postcode, Location | Mail Person creator Tel Mail Web |
| Logo | Holder of the declaration Name of creator in person Name of Institution (if rel.) Address Postcode, Location | Tel Mail Web |